



Get ready for Qs

Video/ Slide show

Watch a film about tangram.

**Interpersonal Communication** – this is a process whereby participants exchange information in the form of a message, which is conveyed from the sender to the recipient;

**Self-presentation** – this is the way in which a person – through their statements, behavior and other non-verbal signals communicates to others who they are, or who they would like to be seen as. Self-presentation, or presenting one's own self to others is a message that we send out to our surroundings. That is why its effectiveness depends, above all, on factors that are responsible for effective communication in general.



### Conclusions

#### Drawing conclusions about effective communication.

In general, it appears that guiding/instructing is more difficult for students. Starting from this observation, it is worth asking why instructing was difficult, what arrangers felt was lacking in the instructions, and whether maybe something in particular helped them. Note whether there are any comments about difficulties in describing what can be seen so that it is understandable for the other person. This is a good moment to explain what the point of the exercise was. It wasn't to find out who could arrange the pieces quickest, but to allow students to see how difficult it is to formulate your thoughts in such a way as to make your instructions as comprehensible and helpful as possible for another person. You have to forget about what you want to achieve yourself and focus on what your partner needs. The same is true when you are presenting yourself – you always have to consider who you will be talking to and therefore what sort of language to use. You talk differently with friends, differently with your teacher, differently with older people, and differently with younger people. Besides knowing what to say, it is also important to know how to say it.

Principle of effective presentation 2: I know how to say what I want – a key aim of self-presentation is communicating with your audience in a way that is understandable and geared towards them. Before the talk it is important to consider who your audience is and therefore what language, forms of communication, etc. to use. Similarly, in this exercise, the most important thing was not to assemble the pieces, but to instruct and to adapt the language of the instructions to the needs and capabilities of the listener.